<b>‹</b>	Тасдик мекунам»
ľ	Мудири кафедраи
«Илмх	ои ичтимой- гуманитарй»
дотсент	г Сайдахмадова Д.
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## Донишкадаи идоракунии давлати назди Президент Чумхурии Точикистон Факултети муносибатхои байналмилалй

Кафедраи «Илмхои ичтимой- гуманитарй»

Соли тахсили 2019-2020 семестри 1 санчиши тести (дар компютер)

Фанни « History of Tajik People »

Ному насаби устод: Хочаев Мехровар

**Курси** 1, гуруҳи "А"

Ихтисос: муносибатхои байналмилалй

**ЧАВОБИ ДУРУСТ ВАРИАНТИ А** 

Tests on the «History of Tajik People»

## @1.Define the auxiliary items of history?

- \$A) archeology, ethnography, anthropology, linguistics, paleontology, zoology, botany, geology, geography, etc;
- \$B) archeology, numismatics, literature;
- \$C) archeology, numismatics, ethnography, source, anthropology;
- \$D) calligraphy, chemistry, physics, mathematics, historiography;
- \$E) archeology, ethnography, anthropology, folklore, dialectology;

#### @2.Define the term "Stone Age" and for what periods it is divided?

- \$A) it called the Stone Age period, where the main weapon of the primitive human labor were made of stone and it is divided into the Paleolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic;
- \$B) subjects tools were stone and bronze and divided into Paleolithic and Neolithic;
- \$C) tools were made of copper and stone and divided into the Paleolithic, Neolithic, Mesolithic and Eneolithic;
- \$D) objects were made only of stone and divided into Mesolithic and Neolithic;
- \$E) tools made of stone and iron, and divided into the Paleolithic, Neolithic and Mesolithic;

#### @3.In Sarazm what kinds of crafts were developed at the appropriate level?

- \$A) Industries processing of gold, silver, precious stones, textiles and pottery;
- \$B) copper products;
- \$C) pottery and textiles;
- \$D) Processing of precious stones;
- \$E) production of bricks and rocks;

#### @4. Aryan nomads when and from what locations arrived in Central Asia?

- \$A) in the second millennium BC from the Altai and Western Siberia and the Urals basin;
- \$B) At the beginning of II- century BC from Eastern Europe;
- \$C) in II AD from Array;
- \$D) In a VII BC from Eastern Europe;
- \$E) In I- millennium AD from Central Asia;

#### @5.Determine which parts of the "Avesta" have survived?

- \$A) "Ya sna", "Yashts", "Videvdat", "Little Avesta", "Visprat";
- \$B) "Goths", "Visprat"», Yasna";
- \$C) "Goths", "Little Avesta";
- \$D) «Yashts", "Goths", "Yasna", "Visprat";
- \$E) "Kovudan", «Visprat";

## @6.What are the holidays and celebrations of ancient Tajiks?

- \$A) "Sada", "Mehrgon", "Navruz", "Tirgon";
- \$B) "Navruz", "Mehrgon", "Obonyasht", "Sada";
- \$C) "Kurban", "Navruz", "Sada", "Tirgon";
- \$D) «Fitr", "Sada", "Tirgon", "Navruz", "Mehrgon";
- \$E) holiday "Navruz", "Mehrgon", "Sada", "Ramadan";

#### @7.Determine what information is contained in "Avesta"?

- \$A) religious, folklore, geography, astronomy, medicine, philosophy;
- \$B) Religious, poetic, literary and historical;
- \$C) religious themes, the struggle between good and evil;
- \$D) cultural, religious, fight the good and evil forces;
- \$E) the set of historical, folklore, cultural, religious and geographical information;

## @8.Determine according to legend, who founded the festival "Navruz"?

- \$A) it founded the King Jamshed and it is celebrated in early spring;
- \$B) it founded the King Kayumars and it is celebrated in early spring;
- \$C) King Gushtasp in early spring;
- \$D) King Kaykhusrav in early spring;
- \$E) of the prophet Zoroaster in early spring;

## @9.When formed Achaemenid Empire and under the rule of Cyrus the Great, which territories were part of his empire?

- \$A) Formed in the VI BC and embraced in the West beyond the Straits of the Dardanelles, the Mediterranean in the east to the border of Sindh and Syr-Darya rivers in the north to the river Gurgan borders, the Caucasus Mountains and the south ended in the Persian Gulf and the Arabian Peninsula;
- \$B) formed in the VI. BC and it consisted of Khwarezm, Sogd and Saka tribes;

- \$C) formed in the VI and it only entered Iran;
- \$D) in a III BC, it consisted of Khorasan, Iran, Afghanistan;
- \$E) to VI BC it included Iran, Afghanistan, and Central Asia;

#### @10.Who are the founder of the Achaemenid state and what years he ruled?

- \$A) Cyrus the Great in 550-530 BC;
- \$B) Cyrus II in 550-522 BC;
- \$C) Kambiz 530-522 BC;
- \$D) Darius I 521-486 BC;
- \$E) Xerxes, 529-522 BC;

#### @11.When there was a battle at Issa and between which countries it was?

- \$A) in 333 BC between the Greco- Macedonians and the Achaemenids;
- \$B) 331 BC between Alexander the Great and Darius III;
- \$C) 334 BC between the Greco-Macedonians and Persians;
- \$D) in 522 BC between Massagets and the Achaemenids;
- \$E) 722 between the Greeks and Persians;

## @12.What are the names of those who actively fought for the liberation of the motherland from the Greco- Macedonian conquerors?

- \$A) Spitamen, Satibarzanes, Bess and Oriyomaz;
- \$B) Darius III, Bess, Divashtak;
- \$C) Spitamen, Devashtich and Temurmalik;
- \$D) Temurmalik, Jaloliddin and Vosse;
- \$E) Mukanna, Divositich and Frada;

#### @13.Who was Spitamen and against what enemy he fought?

- \$A) was the son of the ancestors of the Tajik people and which, as a patriot fighting against the independence of the conquest of Alexander the Great;
- \$B) was the commander of Bactria, who selflessly fought against the Greco-Bactrian in 329-328 BC;
- \$C) was the ruler of Sogd, which in 522 BC fought against the Achaemenids;
- \$D) who fought against the Arabs in 722;
- \$E) was Sogd general who in 329-328 years fought against Seleucids';

## @14.Alexander the Great was the ruler of what state and when attacked to Aryans?

- \$A) Emperor of Greece and Macedonia in the IV century BC;
- \$B) was the Byzantine emperor in the V century BC;
- \$C) Iranian king in the III BC;
- \$D) was Achaemenid emperor in IV BC;
- \$E) Was a Greek king in the III BC;

## @15.After collapse of the empire of Alexander the Great the Aryans joined to what state?

- \$A) to the Seleucids;
- \$B) to Sogdiana;
- \$C) in Paraná;
- \$D) to the Achaemenids;
- \$E) to Bactria;

## @16.When has been found, "Amu Darya treasure" and what antiques were?

- \$A) it was opened in 1878, it consisted of subjects elegance of gold, silver, various coins in the amount of 400-500 units, it is now in the British Museum;
- \$B) was identified in 1877, it consisted of 1,000 items, is currently located in the Historical Museum of St. Petersburg;
- \$C) was found in 1941 and it consisted of 1200 subjects, located in the Historical Museum of the Republic of Tajikistan;
- \$D) was found in 1875, in his collection of antiquities is 450, it is currently located in the Museum of History of Bukhara;
- \$E) in 1878, indicates the high cultural development of the Tajik people's ancestors;

## @17.When formed the Kushan state and which territory belonged to it?

- \$A) it existed in I BC and up to IV BC, covered the territory of Afghanistan, Pakistan, northern India, Kashgar, Khutan, Kyrgyzstan, Uzbekistan and Tajikistan;
- \$B) I- II century BC, it consisted of Bactria, Sogdiana, Khwarezm, East Turkistan, Pakistan, India;
- \$C) in IV -I BC, it consisted of Bactria, Takhoristan, Sogd, Khwarezm and East Turkestan;
- \$D) in the III IV centuries BC only the territory of present Tajikistan and Uzbekistan;
- \$E) in I BC, Aria, Khorasan and East Turkestan;

#### @18.When was formed Parthia state?

- \$A) in a III BC by Arshak I;
- \$B) 250 BC by Arsak;
- \$C) 148 BC by Farhad I;
- \$D) in 245 BC by Tiridates;
- \$E) in III BC by Tiridat I;

#### @19.When was liquidated Achaemenid Empire?

- \$A) 334-331 BC by Alexander the Great;
- \$B) in 247 BC by Euthydemus;
- \$C) 336 BC by Philip II;
- \$D) in 584 BC by Hephtalits;
- \$E) in 722 by the Arabs;

#### @20.Determine the capital of ancient Sogd and Bactria?

- \$A) Marokand and Balkh;
- \$B) Bactrian and Samarkand;

- \$C) Niso and Istakhr;
- \$D) Merv and Ecbatana;
- \$E) Marokand and Hamadan;

## @21. The ruins of the fortification of Takhti Sangin, where were found?

- \$A) where the sleeve Panj and Vakhsh form the Amu-Darya;
- \$B) near the shore Vakhsh river;
- \$C) off the coast of Surkhob and Kafarnihan rivers;
- \$D) in the Hissar Valley;
- \$E) at the shore of the Amu-Darya;

#### @22.When was formed the Greco-Bactrian State and who is its founder?

- \$A) in the middle III BC Diodotus;
- \$B) 250-245 BC by Demetri;
- \$C) 240-248 AD by Demetri;
- \$D) in 327 BC by Euthydemus;
- \$E) 312-305 BC by Arshak;

#### @23.When Parthia State was eliminated?

- \$A) after four centuries of government;
- \$B) after the 500-year reign;
- \$C) after the 600-year reign;
- \$D) after the 480-year reign;
- \$E) after the 250-year reign;

#### @24.What year and where was finally defeated Darius III?

- \$A) in 331 BC in Gaugamela;
- \$B) 333 BC by Issa;
- \$C) 528 BC at the Dardanelles;
- \$D) in 530 BC at the Battle of the Granicus;
- \$E) in 335 BC at the battle of Persepolis;

#### @25.Bactria in Avesta which had values?

- \$A) Bakhti (Bahdi) the concept of "Mother of Cities";
- \$B) as the center Kharassan and Bed;
- \$C) as the Maverranahr capital;
- \$D) as the "eastern province»;
- \$E) as the "Southern provinces";

#### @26.Where was the capital of ancient Bactria and what name acquired later?

- \$A) Bactrian was on the territory of ancient Afghanistan and currently complies Balkh;
- \$B) Bactrian was on the territory of modern Turkey and is called at this time of Izmir;
- \$C) Bactrian was in Iraq, and now corresponds to Basra;
- \$D) Bactrian was in Pakistan, this time combined with the city Peshovar;

\$E) Bactrian was in India, now called Mumbai;

#### @27.When formed the first feudal state in Central Asia and how it was called?

- \$A) V-VI Hephtalites;
- \$B) VI century-Turkic Khanate;
- \$C) I-IV centuries Kushan;
- \$D) V-VI Sogdiana;
- \$E) V century-Sassanid's;

## @28.When and by whom was found documents of Mugh and in what language they were written?

- \$A) In 1932, by shepherd Juranli Mahmadali in Hairabad in the Sogdian language;
- \$B) In 1940, in Kanibadam, in Dari by Davlatali;
- \$C) In 1956 in Hissar in Persian by Niyozali;
- \$D) In 1920, in Gharm in the Turkic language from Ubaidullo;
- \$E) In 1919 in Khujand by Jusufali;

## @29.Define the period of existence of the Hephtalits State and its capital?

- \$A) V in the 60 years of VI century- Bomiyan (Bodiyan);
- \$B) III-I Marv BC;
- \$C) V-IV BC Marokand;
- \$D) III-VII AD, Balkh;
- \$E) The middle of IV-VII AD, Bukhara;

#### @30.What possession was as a part of Hephtalite state?

- \$A) Tokharistan, Sogdiana and Fergana;
- \$B) Central Asia and the Ghaznavids;
- \$C) Tahirids and Saffarids;
- \$D) Chionites and Kidarits;
- \$E) Central Asia North India, East Turkistan, Afghanistan and some regions of Iran;

#### @31.Determine the capital of Hephtalite state?

- \$A) Bodiyan (Bomiyan);
- \$B) Marakand;
- \$C) Merv;
- \$D) Nishapur;
- \$E) Choch;

## @32.What were the big landowners in the Central Asia, during the formation of the feudal system?

- \$A) dehkan;
- \$B) beck;
- \$C) vazir;
- \$D) satrap;

#### \$E) marzbon;

## @33.When and where was formed the Turk Empire?

- \$A) in 80 years of the VII century BC in the Volga region;
- \$B) In V century in Iran;
- \$C) at 70s years in IX in the South Caucasus;
- \$D) in VI century-in the Altai;
- \$E) in IV century Turkey;

## @34.Where and when Islam appeared?

- \$A) VII AD in Arabia;
- \$B) in Pakistan, in III BC;
- \$C) in Egypt in IV AD;
- \$D) in India-IX AD;
- \$E) in Iran-XII AD;

## @35.Determine years of life of the Prophet Muhammad?

- \$A) 570-632;
- \$B) 560-622;
- \$C) 720-767;
- \$D) 565-622;
- \$E) 571-632;

#### @36.Who was Abubakr?

- \$A) the first caliph;
- \$B) knight;
- \$C) Sogdian aristocrat;
- \$D) Bactrian warrior;
- \$E) Sassanid Vizier;

#### @37.Who are the first four caliphs of Islam?

- \$A) Abubakr, Umar, Usmon, Ali;
- \$B) Ali, Usmon, Abubakr, Umar;
- \$C) Usmon, Ali, Abubakr, Umar;;
- \$D) Umar, Abubakr Ali, Usmon;
- \$E) Abubakr, Usmon, Ali, Bilol;

## @38.Since what year begins chronology of Muslim hegira?

- \$A) 622;
- \$B) 610;

- \$C) 682;
- \$D) 623;
- \$E) 656;

#### @39.Who was Abu Hanifa?

- \$A) The founder of the hanafi sect;
- \$B) Warlord of Sassanids;
- \$C) Sheikh;
- \$D) Abbasids Vizier;
- \$E) Mufti of Samarkand;

## @40.Determine years of the life of Abu Hanifa?

- \$A) 699-767;
- \$B) 470-530;
- \$C) 570-632;
- \$D) 575-607;
- \$E) 705-755;

#### @41. The real name of Abu Hanifa?

- \$A) Al-Nu'man b. Sabit;
- \$B) Devashtich;
- \$C) Abumuslim;
- \$D) of al-Mansur;
- \$E) al-Ma'mun;

#### @42.When in a liberation struggle Sogdians headed Devashtich?

- \$A) 720-722;
- \$B) 732-734;
- \$C) 737-738;
- \$D) 705-715;
- \$E) 713-717;

### @43.When and for what purpose the Mukanna uprising began?

- \$A) 776-783 the purpose of liberation of the motherland from the yoke of the Arab conquerors;
- \$B) 712-713 Messrs with the aim of becoming the king of Sogd;
- \$C) 754, for the purpose of revenge for the blood of Abu Muslim;
- \$D) 720-722 Messrs with the aim of becoming the Samanid vizier;
- \$E) In order to capture 727-735 the Qubadian;

#### @44.Who was Qutaiba ibn Muslim?

- \$A) Arab commander;
- \$B) Sassanid commander;
- \$C) Sogd commander;

- \$D) The ruler of Khwarezm; \$E) Samanid commander; @45.When the Arabs took over completely of Central Asia? \$A) in the VIII; \$B) in the middle IX; \$C) at the end of VIII; \$D) at the beginning of a VI; \$E) in X-XII; @46.What local government formed in Khorasan and Maverannahr, after the conquest of the Arabs? \$A) Tahirids and Saffarids; \$B) Chionites and Kidarits; \$C) Greco - Bactrians; \$D) Arshakids; \$E) Ephtalites and Samanids; @47.Define the first centralized Tajik state? \$A) Samanid State; \$B) Sasanian Empire; \$C) State of Tahirids; \$D) Seleucids; \$E) Ghurid State; @48.What city was the original center of the Samanid? \$A) Bukhara; \$B) Samarkand; \$C) Nahshab; \$D) Chach; \$E) Marv; @49.In what century it ended with the formation of the feudal city in Central Asia? \$A) IX-X centuries; \$B) V -VI centuries; \$C) VIII-IX centuries; \$D) VII -XI centuries;
- @50.Determine the years of Samanid state?
- \$A) 819-999;

\$E) X1-XII century;

- \$B) 800-1005;
- \$C) 821-1005;
- \$D) 855-875;

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$E) 873-996;
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## @51. The name of the founder of Samanid State and determine the years of his reign?

- \$A) Ismail Samani 892-907;
- \$B) Ahmad ibn Nasr 864-892;
- \$C) Nasr II ibn Ahmad 914-943;
- \$D) Abdumalik ibn Nuh 954-961;
- \$E) Abdumalik II 999-999;

## @52. The main period of primitive society in Central Asia?

- \$A) Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age;
- \$B) Stone Age;
- \$C) Ancient Stone Age;
- \$D) Bronze Age;
- \$E) Iron Age;

## @53.When and by which dynasty founded Tajik people?

- \$A) In IX –X by Samanids;
- \$B) In XII-XIII by Tajiks;
- \$C) In VII-IX by Saffarids;
- \$D) In VI-VII by Sasanids;
- \$E) Uzbeks;

## @54. The year of governing of Tahirids dynasty?

- \$A) 821-873;
- \$B) 820-880;
- \$C) 810-890;
- \$D) 813-833;
- \$E) 796-846;

## @55.A Year of Aryans civilization?

- \$A) In 2006 year;
- \$B) In 2007 year;
- \$C) In 2008 year;
- \$D) In 2010 year;
- \$E) In 2015 year;

#### @56.Who was a head of Massagets tribe?

- \$A) Tomiris;
- \$B) Temurmalik;
- \$C) Spitamen;
- \$D) Sherak;
- \$E) Muqanna;

## @57.In which year start the national terrain delimitation in Central Asia? \$A) September and October in 1924; \$B) August in 1922; \$C) September in 1923; \$D) April in 1925; \$E) December in 1920; @58.Who in Tajiks repeated heroic deed Alexandr Matrosov in Great Patriotic War? \$A) Tuichi Erjigitov; \$B) Saidkul Turdiev; \$C) Hodi Kenjaev; \$D) Haidar Kosimov; \$E) Ismail Hamzaliev; @59.When and where the XVI-Session of High Council of Tajikistan passed? \$A) November and December in 1992 in Khujand; \$B) April in 1997 in Dushanbe; \$C) February in 1993 in Badakhshon; \$D) In 2005 in Kulob; \$E) In 1998 in Hissar; @60.When and where happened the movement of Vosse? \$A) In 1885-1888 in Baljuvon; \$B) In 1889 in Kulob; \$C) In 1916 in Khujand; \$D) In 1918 in Bukhara; \$E) In 1920 in Dushanbe; @61.Who made up the bulk of the state's population of Ghurids? \$A) Tajiks; \$B) Uzbeks; \$C) Persian and mongols; \$D) seljukids; \$E) turks; @62. Year of governing Saffarid dynasty? \$A) 873-900; \$B) 870-877; \$C) 765-788; \$D) 870-903; \$E) 817-874;

#### @63.The founder of Parthia State?

\$A) In III BC Arshak I;

- \$B) In 247 A.D. Arshak;
- \$C) In 148 A.D. Farhod I;
- \$D) In 245 A.D. Tirade;
- \$E) In 224 A.D. Ardasher;

#### @64.Name the ancient nomadic tribes in Central Asia?

- \$A) Saks and Massagets;
- \$B) Kushans and Parthians;
- \$C) Arabs and Turkic people;
- \$D) Sogd, Bactrians;
- \$E) Mangits and Gurids;

## @65.Name the enlightenment ministries of Samanid dynasty?

- \$A) Jayhani, Balami, Utbi;
- \$B) Farabi, Sino, Balami;
- \$C) Muhammad Narshakhi;
- \$D) Beruni, Nizomulmulk;
- \$E) Beruni, A.Donish;

## @66.The founder of which state is Great Cyrus?

- \$A) Achaemenid;
- \$B) Temurids;
- \$C) Samanids;
- \$D) Tahirids;
- \$E) Saffarids;

## @67.Under whom management and in what century start military movements in Central Asia the Mongols?

- \$A) Chengiz-khan in XIII century;
- \$B) Alexander Macedonia in IV century A.D;
- \$C) Temurlang in IV;
- \$D) Qutaiba ibn Muslim in VII century;
- \$E) Ismoil ibn Ahmad in X century;

#### @68.Which town Temurmalik defended?

- \$A) Khujand;
- \$B) Bukhara;
- \$C) Samarkand;
- \$D) Otrar;
- \$E) Urateppa;

#### @69.In which year founded Tajik ASSR?

- \$A) October 1924;
- \$B) August 1922;

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$C) September 1929;
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- \$D) September and October 1924;
- \$E) April 1925;

## @70.Name the heroes of Tajikistan?

- \$A) S.Ayni, B.Gafurov, M.Tursunsoda, E.Rahmon, N.Makhsum, Sh.Shohtemur;
- \$B) Temurmalik, Vosse, Spitamen;
- \$C) Azizov, Turdiev;
- \$D) Hodi Kenjaev, Amirshoev, Bobojon;
- \$E) Frada, Sherak, Spitamen;

## @71.Who was the first hero of SSR in Tajikistan?

- \$A) Nemat Qaraboev;
- \$B) Domulo Azizov;
- \$C) Turdiev, Tamiris;
- \$D) Hodi Kenjaev;
- \$E) Urunbek Yokubov;

## @72.Year of governing Alexander Macedonia?

- \$A) 336-323 BC;
- \$B) 343-322 BC;
- \$C) 580-530 BC;
- \$D) 359-356 AD;
- \$E) 356-323 BC;

#### @73.In which state Sultan Mahmud governed?

- \$A) Ghaznavids;
- \$B) Salchuqids;
- \$C) Qarakhanids;
- \$D) Ghurids;
- \$E) Samanids;

## @74.When does general governor of Turkistan founded?

- \$A) In 1867;
- \$B) In 1870;
- \$C) In 1873;
- \$D) In 1895;
- \$E) In 1864;

#### @75.Which year happened the Great Patriotic War?

- \$A) In 1941-1945;
- \$B) In 1914-1918;
- \$C) In 1712-1812;
- \$D) In 1939-1945;

#### \$E) In 1939-1948;

## @76.When does 1100-year of Samanids remarked?

- \$A) On the 6-th November in 1999;
- \$B) In 1996-1999;
- \$C) On the 9-th of September in 1999;
- \$D) October 1999;
- \$E) In 1998;

## @77.When does opened the Academy of Science of Tajikistan and who was the first President?

- \$A) In 1951 S. Ayni;
- \$B) In 1952 B.G.Gafurov;
- \$C) In 1954 S.Umarov;
- \$D) In 1931 A.A.Semyonov;
- \$E) In 1984 S.Ayni;

## @78.Under which name Ulugbek was famous in the world?

- \$A) Commander, farseeing governor, astrologer;
- \$B) Commander and scientist;
- \$C) Farseeing politic and great scientist;
- \$D) Wise politic and scientist;
- \$E) Literary man, poet and scientist;

## @79.Who was the first governor of General Turkistan –governorship and how many regions enter to its territory?

- \$A) Kaufman 5 regions;
- \$B) Kaufman 3 regions;
- \$C) Kaufman 6 regions;
- \$D) Abramov 5 regions;
- \$E) Chernyaev 5 regions;

## @80.When does military-expedition detachment of «Hissar» founded?

- \$A) December in 1920;
- \$B) September in 1919;
- \$C) December in 1919;
- \$D) February in 1921;
- \$E) September in 1920;

## @81.Where and in which battle died Muhammad Shaibanikhan?

- \$A) In 1510 in Marv;
- \$B) In 1501 in Samarkand;
- \$C) In 1238 in Bukhara;
- \$D) In 1370 in Otrar;

#### \$E) In 1514 in Herat;

## @82.When and where was sign Zirabuloq agreement?

- \$A) In 1868 between Russia and Bukhara emirate;
- \$B) In 1870 between Kokand and Khiva khanate;
- \$C) In 1895 between Russia and Afghanistan;
- \$D) In 1873 Bukhara emirate and Russia;
- \$E) In 1888 between England and Afghanistan;

## @83.When Tajikistan got its Independence?

- \$A) September in 1991;
- \$B) April in 1985;
- \$C) October in 1990;
- \$D) November in 1992;
- \$E) December in 1994;

## @84.In which year Ismail Samani governed Samanid dynasty?

- \$A) 892-907;
- \$B) 621-873;
- \$C) 861-900;
- \$D) 892-105;
- \$E) 827-999;

## @85.What kind of state Tajikistan constitute according to the Constitution?

- \$A) Democratic, sovereign, law-based, secular, unitary;
- \$B) President State;
- \$C) Unitary;
- \$D) Federative;
- \$E) Democratic;

## @86.The composition of which part was the Tajik ASSR in 1924?\$A) To the Uzbek SSR.

- \$B) To the Turkmen SSR;
- \$C) To the Turkestan SSR;
- \$D) To the People of Republic of Bukhara;
- \$E) To USSR composition;

#### @87.What was the name the first Tajik print & from which year start printing?

- \$A) «Bukhara Sharif» 11-th of March in 1912;
- \$B) «Bedorii Tojik» 21-st of March in 1925;
- \$C) «Ovozi Tojik» 7-th of November in 1917;
- \$D) «Jumhuriyat» November in 1930;
- \$E) «Tojikistoni Soveti» in 1924;

#### @88.What is clan system?

- \$A) The group of relatives living and working people in the same area of existing single property;
- \$B) The group of villagers who live, work together and have common traditions;
- \$C) A group of people from one tribe to have a common language and habits;
- \$D) The group of relatives who live alone but have a single property;
- \$E) A group of people who have private property but living, working together;

#### @89.What are the two forces exist in Zaroastrizm?

- \$A) Ahura Mazda power of good Ahriman power of evil;
- \$B) Urdu-paradise prosperity Khurdod-power of destruction;
- \$C) Ahriman power of evil Khurdod power of good;
- \$D) Mazdoyasno power of good Vahmun power of evil;
- \$E) There is no force;

## @90.What is the meaning of «History»?

- \$A) The Greece word which means- the past history of human society;
- \$B) The Chinese word which mean-life;
- \$C) Latin word which means the past;
- \$D) Arab word which means-a study that fully examines the history of human society;
- \$E) French word which means life of people;

## @91.Who led the struggle of the people of Central Asia against the Macedonian invader?

- \$A) Spitamen in Sogd, Bess, Oksiart in Bactria;
- \$B) Tomiris;
- \$C) Muqanna;
- \$D) Temurmalik, Gurdofarid;
- \$E) Satibarzan, Ozardukht, Roxana;

## @92.Work of what Tajik historian has acquired a global significance?

- \$A) «Tajiks»-B.Gafurov;
- \$B) «Samanid State»-N.Negmatov;
- \$C) «Navodir–ul-vaqoe»-A.Donish;
- \$D) «A short information of History of Tajik people»-B.Gafurov;
- \$E) «Memory»-S.Ayni;

#### @93.When was happened movement of Sarbadoron in Samarkand?

- \$A) In 1365 Sarbadoron full gained;
- \$B) In 1410 Sarbadoron suffered defeat;
- \$C) In 1346 Sarbadoron gained;
- \$D) In 1236 attacked Mongols;
- \$E) in 1326 suffered defeat;

#### @94.When was happened the movement in Khujand?

- \$A) 4-th of July in 1916;
- \$B) July in 1916 in Uroteppa;
- \$C) 4-th of May in 1916 in Asht;
- \$D) 25-th of June in 1916 in Khujand;
- \$E) 15-th of May in 1916 in Kanibadam;

## @95.When formed Iskandarkuls expedition and under whose leadership?

- \$A) In 1870 Abramov;
- \$B) In 1868 Kaufman;
- \$C) In 1872 Romanovski;
- \$D) In 1867 Chernyaev;
- \$E) In 1873 Alim-khan;

## @96.In which years Tajik SSR enter to the composition of USSR?

- \$A) In 1929-1991;
- \$B) In 1918-1991;
- \$C) In 1929-1992;
- \$D) In 1924-1990;
- \$E) In 1917-1881;

#### @97.What is the Tribe?

- \$A) Two or the three groups connected by ties of kinship with a common territory and the population of a tribe called;
- \$B) Several groups of people linked by ties of kinship that have common traditions and a common language constitute a language;
- \$C) A group of people linked by ties of kinship with a common language tradition;
- \$D) The group of relatives who live alone but have a single property;
- \$E) Groups of related connected people who have a common tradition but speak with different languages;

## @98.4-beings which indicated in Avesta?

- \$A) Land, Water, Fire Air;
- \$B) Land, air, trees, animals;
- \$C) fire, water, trees, river;
- \$D) Land, trees, wheat, animals;
- \$E) fire, water, land, book;

#### @99.Subsidiary sciences which study about history?

- \$A) Ethnography, archeology pale geography, anthropology, numismatics;
- \$B) Geography, literature, human rights;
- \$C) Biology, botany, math, physic;
- \$D) Physic, chemistry, astronomy;
- \$E) Pale geography, biology;

## @100.Who is the author of «Avesta»? \$A) Zoroaster; \$B) Moses; \$C) Muhammad; \$D) Jesus; \$E) Moni; @101.Who is the founder of Kushan dynasty? \$A) Kujula Kadfiz; \$B) Herai-founder, Kadfiz-founder; \$C) Vima Kadfiz, Vashika; \$D) Bahrami Gur; \$E) Voseduva, Kanishka I; @102.In which year Emirate of Bukhara was overthrow? \$A) September 8-th in 1920; \$B) November 7-th in 1917; \$C) October 6-th in 1923; \$D) October 25th in 1917; \$E) September 9-th in 1991; @103.When there was a decisive offensive Russia to the Central Asia? \$A) In 1846 to the Chimkent direction; \$B) In 1864 to the Omsk and Orenburg direction; \$C) In 1866 to the Semirechya direction; \$D) In 1895 to Pamir; \$E) In 1861 to the trans-Caspian direction; @104.When was happened the battle near Gaugamela? \$A) In 331 BC; \$B) In 321 BC; \$C) November 332 BC; \$D) In 556 BC; \$E) In 522 BC; @105.Who is the founder of Sasanid State? \$A) Ardasher I Papakan; \$B) Khusrav II; \$C) Shopur I; \$D) Khusrav I; \$E) Alisher;

- \$A) «Savoneh-ul-hikmat» in Bukhara;
- \$B) «Sovoneh-ul-Irfon» in Samarkand;
- \$C) Library which used Avicenna;
- \$D) «Kitob-al hikmat» in Bukhara;
- \$E) «Mahzan-ul-marifat» in Marv;

## @107.What kind of historical works done by Sadriddin Aini about invasion Mongols?

- \$A) Temurmalik-hero of Tajik People;
- \$B) Death solution;
- \$C) Bukhara's hangman;
- \$D) «Uprising Muqanna»;
- \$E) Chingiz khan in XX century;

## @108.When and where happened the uprising of M.Torobi?

- \$A) In 1238 in Bukhara;
- \$B) In 1212 in Samarkand;
- \$C) In 1219 in Khujand;
- \$D) In 1206 in Bukhara;
- \$E) In 1365 in Samarkand;

## @109.Wherefore happened the uprising in 1916 in Khujand?

- \$A) Order of Nikolay II from 25 of June in 1916 about compulsory mobilization the population of Turkistan work in rear in the 1-st World War;
- \$B) Forced compulsory works;
- \$C) Multi numbers requisitions of Tsar Russia;
- \$D) Wherefore Emir Bukhara about increasingly taxes;
- \$E) Defeat tsars military in the first World War;

## @110.In which modern regions of Tajikistan were built the first plants and factories?

- \$A) In Khujand-silk factories;
- \$B) Hissar cotton cleaning plant;
- \$C) Badakhshan mountain mine;
- \$D) In Isfara-wine factory;
- \$E) In Istaravshan glass plant, silk factories;

## @111.What kind of services for Persian languages people had Sasanid dynasty?

- \$A) Developing of feudal relation, Zarathustra received State status making centralized State;
- \$B) Reached the culture succession;
- \$C) opened the libraries;
- \$D) Created religion State;
- \$E) Arise feudal State;

## @112.Which of sons of Chingiz-khan became the ruler of Maverannahr?

- \$A) Chagatay;
- \$B) Ugeday;
- \$C) Juji;
- \$D) Tulu;
- \$E) Sugdey;

## @113.When and where happened Muddy War?

- \$A) In 1364 in shore of Chirchik river;
- \$B) In 1212 in Utrar;
- \$C) In 1238 in Bukhara;
- \$D) In 1239 in Kulikov;
- \$E) In 1365 in Samarkand;

## @114.Which territories subordinate Hissar bek in XVI century?

- \$A) Hissar ,Regar, Shahrinav, Dehnav, Tirmiz;
- \$B) Hissar, Qubodiyon, Vakhsh, Rasht;
- \$C) Balkh, Tirmiz, Qunduz, Qubodiyon, Khatlon;
- \$D) Modern Southern Tajikistan, Balkh, Samarqand, Fergana;
- \$E) Khwarezm, Marv, Herat, Hissar;

#### @115.When was burnt full text of Avesta?

- \$A) During the invasion Alexander Macedonia;
- \$B) During Sassanid governor;
- \$C) During the governor of Ephtalits;
- \$D) During the governor of Samanids;
- \$E) During the governor Achaeimenids;

#### @116.Name the first Aryan shah and show the meaning of his name?

- \$A) Kaumars-crowned;
- \$B) Jam, Jamshed-son of shah sun;
- \$C) Kaykhusrav-radiant;
- \$D) Jamshed-radiant;
- \$E) Hurmuzd- son of God;

#### @117.Who was the founder of movement Illuminator in Central Asia?

- \$A) Ahmadi Donish;
- \$B) Nizomi Ganjavi;
- \$C) Abdurahmoni Jomi;
- \$D) Shamsiddin Shohin;
- \$E) Dilshod Barno;

#### @118.When was accepted the first Soviet Constitution of Tajikistan?

\$A) April 28-th 1929;

- \$B) In 1926;
- \$C) In 1934;
- \$D) In 1937;
- \$E) In 1998;

## @119.When and where was formed the agreement between Belorussia SSR, RSFSR and Ukraine SSR about dissolution?

- \$A) Summer in 1991 in Belorussia;
- \$B) September 9 in 1991 in Alma-ate;
- \$C) November 25 in 1991 in Minsk;
- \$D) December 21 in 1991 in Kiev;
- \$E) May 15 in 1991 in Moscow;

## @120.When and which decision was accepted in the first Declaration about Independence of Tajikistan?

- \$A) On 9th September in 1991 in extraordinary Higher Council of the republic of Tajikistan;
- \$B) On the 25th in 1990 in the 19th session of Higher Council of Tajikistan;
- \$C) On the 22th of March in 1992 in the 1st session of Higher Council of Tajikistan;
- \$D) On the 7th April in 1993 in the council of public Council of the republic of Tajikistan;
- \$E) On the 24th August in 1991 in the session Higher Council of Tajik SSR;

## @121.What preached Mazdak teaching?

- \$A) Absence feudal privilege & officials equality;
- \$B) Make war against injustice;
- \$C) Against privileges;
- \$D) Against equality;
- \$E) Outreached fire-worshiper;

## @122.When, where under whose management was organized Mongol state?

- \$A) In 1206 in central Mongol Temuchin;
- \$B) In 1200 in Semirechye Kabak-khan;
- \$C) In 1201 in Mongol Torimishirin;
- \$D) In the Beginning XII century Eastern Turkistan;
- \$E) In the beginning century in Eltisuv;

#### @123.Year of governing Janid State?

- \$A) 150 years, in 1599-1753 year;
- \$B) 100 years, in 1600-1700 year;
- \$C) 200 years, in 1499-1699 year;
- \$D) 150 years, in 1440-1605 year;
- \$E) 50 year, in 1599-1645;

#### @124.In which year Bukhara was proclaimed Emirate?

- \$A) In 1785;
- \$B) In 1800;
- \$C) In 1753;
- \$D) In 1825;
- \$E) In 1860;

## @125.Who is the founder the Empire of Achaemenid and year of governing?

- \$A) Great Cyrus (550-530 BC);
- \$B) Cyrus 2(550-522 BC);
- \$C) Kambiz (521-486 BC);
- \$D) Bes (529-528 BC);
- \$E) Alexander (329-327 BC);

## @126.When and against whom fly into movement of Frada?

- \$A) In 522 B.C. against Achaemenids;
- \$B) In 651 against Arabs;
- \$C) In 575 B.C. against Turkish;
- \$D) In 326 B.C. against Macedonian;
- \$E) In 450 against Hephtalits;

## @127.In year of World War when and in which terrain of Central Asia happened people movement?

- \$A) In 1916 in Khujand;
- \$B) In 1914 in Samarkand;
- \$C) In 1915 in Kulob;
- \$D) In 1918 in Khujand;
- \$E) In 1907 in Isfara;

## @128.Where and when was born Ahmadi Donish and how many times traveled to Russia?

- \$A) In 1826 in Bukhara 3 times;
- \$B) In XIX century in Samarkand, 2 times;
- \$C) In 1826 1882 years in Andijon, 1 time;
- \$D) In 1897-1975 years in Bukhara, 3 times;
- \$E) In 1556-1628 years in Samargand, 2 times;

## @129.In creating of what industrial sectors started industrialization in Soviet Tajikistan?

- \$A) Creating light industries;
- \$B) Creating metallurgical industries;
- \$C) Creating mining industries;
- \$D) Creating metalworking industries;
- \$E) Creating food industries;

## @130.When does Tajik Agrarian University formed? \$A) In 1931; \$B) In 1943; \$C) In 1948; \$D) In 1955; \$E) In 1970; @131.The reason of attacking of Mongols to Maverannahr? \$A) In 1218 «Tragedy of Otrar»; \$B) In 1206 for violation the border; \$C) In 1238 movement in Bukhara; \$D) In 1216 killing envoys in Bukhara; \$E) In 1221 robbery caravans in Urgench; @132.Under which nickname became famous Emir Timur? \$A) Timur-lame (Timurilang), Timur Kuragani, Emir Timur; \$B) Clever Timur, Bloody Timur; \$C) Clever Timur; \$D) Timur the Great; \$E) Timur; @133.Who is the founder of the Empire of Achaemenid State? \$A) Great Cyrus (550-530 B.C.); \$B) Cyrus II (550-522 B.C.); \$C) Kambiz (521-486 B.C.); \$D) Bess (529-528 B.C.); \$E) Alexander (329-327 B.C.); @134.Who from ancestor-heroes of Tajiks lured in waterless desert and ruined Achaemenid invaders? \$A) Shepherd Sherak; \$B) Queen Zarina; \$C) Spargapis; \$D) Queen Tomiris; \$E) Bess; @135.When was formed General Turkestan-governorship and number of regions which enter to its composition? \$A) In 1867, 5 regions-Sir-Darya, Haftrud, Samarkand, Fergana, Zakaspiy; \$B) In 1866, 3 regions-Haftrud, Sir-Darya, Fergana; \$C) In 1895, 2 regions-Samarkand, Fergana; \$D) In 1868, 1 region-Sir-Darya;

\$E) In 1873, 3 regions- Khiva, Tashkent, Fergana;

#### @136.When was formed Tajik SSR?

- \$A) In 1929;
- \$B) In 1922;
- \$C) In 1922;
- \$D) In 1924;
- \$E) In 1917;

## @137.Define who was Anvar-posho?

- \$A) International adventurer which in Central Asia wanted to make Great Turkestan under aegis of Turkey;
- \$B) Founder of Basmachi movement;
- \$C) Famous adventurer;
- \$D) Former military of Bukhara;
- \$E) Representative of government in Emirate of Bukhara;

## @138.When and capitulation of which state was ended in WWII?

- \$A) 9th of May in 1945 capitulation of Germany;
- \$B) 2<sup>nd</sup> of September in 1945 capitulation of Japan;
- \$C) 10th of October in 1945 capitulation of Japan;
- \$D) 21st of August in 1945 capitulation of Italy;
- \$E) 25th of June in 1945 capitulation of Germany and Japan;

# @139.When and where was conclusion Agreement about peace and national accepted between president of Tajikistan Emomali Rahmon and leader of opposition of Tajikistan S.Nuri?

- \$A) 27th of June in 1997 in Moscow;
- \$B) 17th of September in 1994 in Tehran;
- \$C) 26<sup>th</sup> of January in 1996 in Tashkent;
- \$D) 25th of March in 1997 in Mashhad;
- \$E) 23rdof December in 1996 in Moscow;

## @140.Which towns were the capitals of Timurids?

- \$A) Samarkand and Herat;
- \$B) Samarkand and Balkh;
- \$C) Bukhara and Herat;
- \$D) Shahrisabz and Nishapur;
- \$E) Samarkand and Mashhad;

#### @141.Who was Kamoliddin Behzod?

- \$A) With the name of Moni and Rafael East;
- \$B) Investigator with the name of Herodotus and Moni;
- \$C) Composer with the name of Borbad and Beethoven;
- \$D) Medico with the name of Sinoi, Soni and Avicenna;
- \$E) Philosopher with name of Aristotle;

#### @142.Who was Spitamen and against whom was his movement?

- \$A) Talent general patriot in 329-327, B.C against Greco-Macedonian invaders;
- \$B) Talent general- Sogd patriot in 329-326 B.C, against Achaemenids;
- \$C) Bactrian governor in 522 B.C. against Achaemenids;
- \$D) Fighter-hero, patriot in 722 against Arabs invaders;
- \$E) Sogd military chief in 329 against Sassanid's;

## @143.In which regions of Northern Tajikistan in November 1917 was installed Soviet authority?

- \$A) In Khujand, Isfara;
- \$B) In Istravshan;
- \$C) In Khujand, Spitamen, Isfara, Asht, Kanibadam;
- \$D) In Khujand, Kanibadam;
- \$E) In Khujand;

#### @144.When was formed Tajik SSR?

- \$A) 16<sup>th</sup> of October in 1929;
- \$B) 12<sup>th</sup> of April in 1929;
- \$C) 25<sup>th</sup> of November in 1926;
- \$D) 15th of March in 1930;
- \$E) 12<sup>th</sup> of October in 1931;

## @145.Who was Ibrahimbek and when, where was rout and captured group of volunteer in Red Army?

- \$A) Leader of rest basmachi movement  $23^{rd}$  of June in 1931 in the village of Khojabulbulon;
- \$B) Instigator basmachi movement 1st of March in 1931 in Danghara;
- \$C) Robbery April in 1929 in the village Laqaytojik;
- \$D) International adventurer, in October 1929 in the village-Kuktosh;
- \$E) Father of bosmachi movement in December 1931 in the village Nazarayloq Danghara;

#### @146.When, who and attacking to which State was started WWII?

- \$A) 1st of September in 1939 attacking Germany to Poland;
- \$B) In 1932 attacking Italy to the North of Africa;
- \$C) In 1939 attacking German to Austria;
- \$D) In 1938 attacking German to Czech Slovakia;
- \$E) In 1932 attacking USSR to the Finland;

## @147.When and which way was accepted the Constitution of Independence of Tajikistan?

- \$A) 6th of November in 1994 in public referendum;
- \$B) 2<sup>nd</sup> of December in 1994 in People Congress;

- \$C) 15th of June I 1993 in session of C.I.S;
- \$D) 5th of January in 1995 in higher meeting;
- \$E) 1st of April in 1991 in session of Higher Council;

## @148.How many envoys of Tajikistan honored with the order of Hero of Soviet Union in the period of G.P.W?

- \$A) 54 persons;
- \$B) 14 persons;
- \$C) 116 persons;
- \$D) More than 50;
- \$E) More than 60;

## @149.Year of governing of Saffarid dynasty?

- \$A) 873-900 years;
- \$B) 870-900 years;
- \$C) 870-903 years;
- \$D) 817-874 years;
- \$E) 765-788 years;

## @150.Year of governing Alexander Macedonia?

- \$A) 336-323 B.C;
- \$B) 343-322 B.C;
- \$C) 580-530 B.C;
- \$D) 359-356 B.C;
- \$E) 344-321 B.C;

#### @151.When was signed Zirabuloq agreement?

- \$A) In 1868 between Russia and Emirate of Bukhara;
- \$B) In 1870 between Kokand and Khiva khanate;
- \$C) In 1895 between Russia and Afghanistan;
- \$D) In 1873 between Bukhara emir and Russian;
- \$E) In 1888 between England and Afghanistan;

#### @152.In which year Emirate of Bukhara was deposed?

- \$A) 2<sup>nd</sup> of September in 1920;
- \$B) 7<sup>th</sup> of November in 1917;
- \$C) 6<sup>th</sup> of October in 1923;
- \$D) 25th of October in 1917;
- \$E) 9th of September in 1991;

## @153.In which years I.Samani governed Samanids State?

- \$A) 892-907;
- \$B) 621-873;
- \$C) 861-900;

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$D) 892-1005;
$E) 827-999;
@154.In what year Emomali Rahmon has selected president of Republic of
Tajikistan?
$A) 1994;
$B) 1991;
$C) 1995;
$D) 1992;
$E) 1998;
@155.In what year the Republic of Tajikistan has entered to CIS?
$A) on September, 1st 1994;
$B) on December, 10th 1992;
$C) on December, 21st 1991;
$D) on January, 15th 2000;
$E) on November, 1st 1990;
@156.Specify year of formation of the United Nations (United Nations Organization)?
$A) 1945;
$B) 1961;
$C) 1948;
$D) 1958;
$E) 1940;
@157.Name the largest Tajik scientists IX-X centuries?
$A) Ibn Sina, al-Khwarazmi, A. Beruni;
$B) Nosir Khisrav, Jamshed, Hondamir;
$C) Ulugbek, Kazi zada Rumi;
$D) Jami, Hafiz, Firdawsi;
$E) Vosifi, Hilali, Binoi;
@158.Name the largest Tajik scholars and poets of the X century?
$A) Firdausi, Rudaki, Dakiki, Balkhi;
$B) Nosir Khisrav, Mushfiki, Hondamir;
$C) Ulugbek, Zebuniso, Rumi;
$D) Jami, Hafiz, Rudaki;
$E) Vosifi, Hilali, Barno;
@159.Determine who is the author of the book "Siyosatnoma"?
$A) Nizam - ul Mulk;
$B) Khwarazmi;
$C) Utbi;
$D) Ahmadi Donish;
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\$E) Jayhoni;
@160.Who is the author of geographic product - "Hudud - ul- olam"? \$A) The unknown author;
\$B) Nizomiddin Shomi;
\$C) Sharofiddin Ali Yazdi;
\$D) Bobur Mirzo;
\$E) Utbi;
@161.Which monument of the Eneolithic and Bronze Age, included in the World
Heritage List, which located on the territory of Panjakent?
\$A) Sarazm;
\$B) Siyolk;
\$C) Margedar;
\$D) Tali Bakun;
\$E) Saksanokhur;
@162.Who is the founder of the Achaemenid state and what years he ruled?
\$A) Cyrus the Great in 550-530 BC;
\$B) Bess in 550-522 BC;
\$C) Cambyses 530-522 BC;
\$D) Darius I 521-486 BC;
\$E) Xerxes 529-522 BC;
@163.When did the battle take place on Issa?
\$A) in 333 BC;
\$B) in 331 BC;
\$C) in 334 BC;
\$D) in 522 BC;
\$E) in 330 BC;
@164.In 327 BC Alexander the Great was forced to stay in Sogdian Navkat, since he
was at war with?
\$A) Spitamen;
\$B) Bess;
\$C) Devashtich;
\$D) Seleuc;
\$E) Cyrus II;
@165.Who was Spitamen and against which enemy did he fight?

- \$A) was the son of the ancestors of the Tajik people and who, as a patriot, fought against independence from the conquest of Alexander the Great;
- \$B) was a commander from Bactria, who selflessly fought against the Greco-Bactrians in 329-328 BC;
- \$C) was the ruler of Sogd, which in 522 BC fought against the Achaemenids;

- \$D) who fought against the Arabs in 722;
- \$E) was the Sogdian commander, who in 329-328 fought against the Turks;

## @166.Alexander the Great was the ruler of which state and when he attacked to Aryans?

- \$A) the Emperor of Greece and Macedonia in the IV century BC;
- \$B) emperor of Byzantium in the V century AD;
- \$C) king of Iran in the III century AD;
- \$D) the emperor of Achaemenid in the 4 century BC;
- \$E) was the king of Greece in the III century AD;

## @167.After the collapse of the empire of Alexander the Great, what state did join the Aryans?

- \$A) Seleucid;
- \$B) Sogdiana;
- \$C) Parani;
- \$D) Achaemenid;
- \$E) Bactria;

## @168.Which city provided the entire caliphate with high-quality paper?

- \$A) Samarkand;
- \$B) Herat;
- \$C) Nishapur;
- \$D) Ray;
- \$E) Bukhara;

## @169.Between what generals did the Battle of Gaugamela take place?

- \$A) Darius III and Alexander the Great;
- \$B) Cyrus the Great and Astyages;
- \$C) Artaban V and Ardasher Sasanid;
- \$D) Rustam Farrukhzod and Saad Vakkos;
- \$E) Firuzam and Ahushnavas;

#### @170.When was formed the Parthia state?

- \$A) in the III century BC;
- \$B) in 247 BC;
- \$C) in 148 BC;
- \$D) in the II century BC;
- \$E) in 245 BC;

#### @171.When and from which side did the Achaemenid state have been liquidated?

- \$A) in 334-331 BC from Alexander the Great;
- \$B) in 247 BC from the side of Evtiden;
- \$C) in 336 BC by Philip II;

- \$D) in 584 AD from the side of the Ephthalites;
- \$E) in 722 on the part of the Arabs;

## @172.Identify the capitals of ancient Sogd and Bactria?

- \$A) Marokand and Bactria;
- \$B) Marokand and Samarkand;
- \$C) Niso and Istakhr;
- \$D) Marv and Ecbatan;
- \$E) Marokand and Hamadan;

## @173. The ruins of the settlement of Takhti Sangin, where were found?

- \$A) from the Panj and Vakhsh sleeves form the Amu-Darya;
- \$B) from the bank of the Vakhsh River;
- \$C) from the banks of the Surkhob and Kafarnihan rivers;
- \$D) in the Hissar valley;
- \$E) from the Amu-Darya coast;

#### @174.When did the state of the Greco-Bactrian form and who is its founder?

- \$A) in the middle of the III century BC Diodot;
- \$B) in the 250-245 BC from the side of Demetrius;
- \$C) in 240-248 years from the side of Demetrius;
- \$D) in 327 BC from the side of Euthydemus;
- \$E) in 312-305 BC from the side of Arshak;

#### @175.When was the state of Parthia liquidated?

- \$A) after four centuries of rule;
- \$B) after a 500-year reign;
- \$C) after a 600-year reign;
- \$D) after the 480-year rule;
- \$E) after 250 years of rule;

#### @176.How the golden coins of the period of Darius-I were called?

- \$A) expensive (daric);
- \$B) dirham;
- \$C) dinars;
- \$D) tang;
- \$E) sum;

#### @177.In Avesta book, Bactria what did it means?

- \$A) Bakhti (Bakhdi) in the concept as the "Mother of cities";
- \$B) as the center of Khorasan;
- \$C) as the capital of Maverennahr;
- \$D) as an "eastern province";
- \$E) as the "Southern Province";

## @178.Where the capital of ancient Bactria was and what name did it acquire later?

- \$A) Bactria was in the territory of ancient Afghanistan and now corresponds to the city of Balkh;
- \$B) Bactria was in the territory of modern Turkey and is now called Izmir;
- \$C) Bactria was on the territory of Iraq, and now corresponds to Basra;
- \$D) Bactria was in the territory of Pakistan, this time is combined with the city of Peshovar;
- \$E) Bactria was in the territory of India, now called Bombay;

#### @179.When the first feudal state was formed in Central Asia and what was it called?

- \$A) Hephtalites;
- \$B) in the middle of the sixth century, the Turkic Koganate;
- \$C) I-IV centuries the Kushan;
- \$D) V century Sogdiana;
- \$E) V century Sasanid;

## @180.When and by whom was the documents found at Mugh Castle and in what language were they written?

- \$A) In 1932, on the part of the shepherd Jurali Mahmadali in Khyarabad in Sogdian;
- \$B) In 1940 in Kanibadam, on the Dari side by Davlatali;
- \$C) In 1956 in Hissar in Persian from the side by Nyozali;
- \$D) In 1920 in Gharm in the Turkic language by Ubaidullo;
- \$E) In 1919 in Hujand from the side of Yusufali;

## @181.Determine the period of existence of the state of Ephthalits and its capital?

- \$A) V in the 60 years of the VI century Bomiyon (Bodiyon);
- \$B) III-I centuries BC.-Mar-Mar;
- \$C) V-IV centuries AD Marokand;
- \$D) IV- Samarkand;
- \$E) Mid-IV-VII centuries BC-Bukhara;

## @182.What products were mainly imported by Chinese traders to the markets of Central Asia?

- \$A) silk fabrics, medicines and tea;
- \$B) precious stones and tools made of iron;
- \$C) jewelry and articles of cotton;
- \$D) dairy products and wool products;
- \$E) gold and silver;

#### @183.Determine the capital of the Ephthalit state?

- \$A) Badiyan (Bamiyon);
- \$B) Marakand;
- \$C) Marv;
- \$D) Nishapur;

#### \$E) Chach;

## @184.What was the name of the big landowners in Central Asia, during the formation of the feudal system?

- \$A) Dehkan;
- \$B) Bek;
- \$C) Vizier;
- \$D) Satrap;
- \$E) troop;

## @185.When and where was the Turkic Koganate formed?

- \$A) In 30 years of the VI century in the Altai;
- \$B) In 80 years of the VII century AD in the Village;
- \$C) In the 70's in the IX century in the Transcaucasia;
- \$D) In 50 years of the 5th century in Iran;
- \$E) In the 65 years of the IV Turkey;

## @186.Where and when did Islam appear?

- \$A) In Arabia-VII century;
- \$B) In Pakistan in the III century AD;
- \$C) In Egypt-IV century;
- \$D) In India-IX century;
- \$E) In Iran IX century;

#### @187.Determine the years of life of the Prophet Muhammad?

- \$A) 570-632;
- \$B) 570-620;
- \$C) 720-767;
- \$D) 565-622;
- \$E) 571-632;

## @188.Who was Abubakri Siddiq?

- \$A) the first caliph;
- \$B) regent;
- \$C) Sogdian aristocrat;
- \$D) Bactrian warrior;
- \$E) Samanid Vizier;

#### @189.What is the order of the first four Caliphs of Islam?

- \$A) Abubakr, Umar, Usman, Ali;
- \$B) Ali, Usman, Abubakr, Umar;
- \$C) Ali and Usmon;
- \$D) Umar, Abubakr, Ali, Usmon;
- \$E) Abubakr, Usman, Ali, Umar;

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@190.Since when does the Muslim chronology of the Hijra begin?
$A) 622;
$B) 610;
$C) 632;
$D) 623;
$E) 656;
@191.Who was Abu Hanifa?
$A) Founder of the Hanafi sect;
$B) Sasanid commander;
$C) Sheikh;
$D) Abbasid vizier;
$E) Mufti of Samarkand;
@192.Determine the years of Abu Hanifa's life?
$A) 699-767;
$B) 470-530;
$C) 570-632;
$D) 575-607;
$E) 705-755;
@193.What is the real name of Abu Hanifa?
$A) Numan b. Sobit;
$B) Devashtich;
$C) Abumuslim;
$D) al-Mansur;
$E) al-Mamun;
@194.When did the liberation struggle of the Sogdians led by Devashtich take place?
$A) 720-722;
$B) 732-734;
$C) 737-738;
$D) 705-715;
$E) 713-717;
@195.When and for what purpose did the Muqanna revolt begin?
$A) 776-783 with the goal of liberating the homeland from the yoke of the Arab
conquerors;
$B) 712-713 with the goal of becoming king of Sogd;
$C) 754 with the aim of revenge for the blood Abu Muslim;
$D) 720-722 with the goal of becoming a vizier of the Samanid;
$E) In 727-735 with the aim of capturing Qubadian;
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## @196.Who was Qutaiba ibn Muslim?

- \$A) Arab commander;
- \$B) Sasanid commander;
- \$C) Sogdian commander;
- \$D) Ruler of Khwarezm;
- \$E) Samanid commander;

## @197.When did the Arabs completely capture Central Asia?

- \$A) in the VIII century;
- \$B) at the beginning of the VI century;
- \$C) in the middle of the 9th century;
- \$D) at the end of the VIII century;
- \$E) In the X century;

## @198.What local states were formed in Khorasan and Maverannahr after the conquest of the Arabs?

- \$A) Tahirids and Saffarids;
- \$B) Chionites and the Kidorites;
- \$C) Kushans and Greco-Bactrians;
- \$D) Parthian and Kushans;
- \$E) Ephtalites and Samanids;

## @199.Identify the first centralized Tajik state?

- \$A) The Samanid state;
- \$B) The Sasanid state;
- \$C) The Tahirid state;
- \$D) The Seleucid state;
- \$E) The Ghurid state;

#### @200.Which city was the original center of the Samanids?

- \$A) Bukhara;
- \$B) Samarkand;
- \$C) Nakhshab;
- \$D) Chach;
- \$E) Marv;

## @201.In what century did the process of feudal forming in Central Asia end?

- \$A) IX-X centuries;
- \$B) V -VI centuries;
- \$C) VIII-IX centuries;
- \$D) VII-XI centuries;
- \$E) X1-XII centuries;

#### @202. Years of existence of the Samanid state?

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$A) 819-999;
$B) 800-1005;
$C) 821-1005;
$D) 855-875;
$E) 873-996;
@203. The founder of the Samanid state and determine the years of reign?
$A) Ismail Samani 892-907;
$B) Nasri I ibn Ahmad 864-892;
$C) Nasri II ibn Ahmad 914-943;
$D) Abdumalik ibn Nuh 954-961;
$E) Saman Khudat 819-822;
@204.Identify the forms of government in the state of the Samanids?
$A) Diwans and court;
$B) National Council;
$C) Embassy;
$D) Cabinet minis;
$E) College;
@205. The period of government, which emir is considered the period of prosperity of
the Samanid state?
$A) Ismail Samani;
$B) Ilyos;
$C) Ahmad ibn Ismail;
$D) Nasr III;
$E) Abdumalik II;
@206.What did the head of state the Samanids call?
$A) Emir;
$B) Sultan;
$C) Khan;
$D) Bek;
$E) feudal;
@207.What holiday is celebrated annually in Tajikistan on March 21...?
$A) Navruz;
$B) Independent day;
$C) Garden day;
$D) Mehrgon;
$E) Day of Consitution;
@208. The famous viziers of the Samanid state...?
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\$A) Utbi, Bal'ami, Jayhoni;

\$B) Anvari, Manuchehri, Farukhi;
\$C) Forobi, Beruni;
\$D) Khwarazmi, Nizom-ul mulk;
\$E) Nasr II, Mansur, Muntasir;
@209.Who was Asad ibn Abdullah?
\$A) the governor of the Arab caliph in Khorasan;
\$B) the Arab caliph in Iraq;
\$C) the governor of the Tahirid state;
\$D) the governor of the Saffarids state;
\$E) the governor of the Turks;
42) the governor of the ranks,
@210.What was the name of the Samanid diwan, which controls over financial
affairs ?
\$A) Diwan Mustafi;
\$B) Diwan Sohib ul-ushrat;
\$C) Diwan sohib-ul-barid;
\$D) Diwan Amid –ul mulk;
\$E) Diwan Qazi;
@211.When did the Samanid state cease to exist?
\$A) 999;
\$B) 1000;
\$C) 1002;
\$D) 1001;
\$E) 873;
ψL) 073,
@212.Against which dynasty was the rebellion of Sumbad Mugh directed?
\$A) Abbasid Caliphate;
\$B) Umayyads Caliphate;
\$C) Saffarids;
\$D) Samanids;
\$E) Tahirid;
ψΕ) Talling,
@213.Determine when was completed formation of the Tajik people?
\$A) IX-X centuries;
\$B) VII-VIII centuries;
\$C) VIII-IX centuries;
\$D) XI-XII centuries;
\$E) XII-XIII centuries;
ψω, All Citalics,
@214.The backbone of the Samanid army consisted of?
\$A) slave-Turks;
\$B) artisans;

\$C) local folk volunteers;
\$D) mercenaries;
\$E) robbers;
@215.What was the name of the Samanid diwan, which controls diplomatic relations
and state records management?
\$A) Diwan Amid –ul mulk;
\$B) Diwan Mushrif;
\$C) Diwan Sahib-ul-barid;
\$D) Diwan Mustavfi;
\$E) Diwan Qazi;
@216.Who ruled in Khorasan in the lean and hungry year 1011?
\$A) Sultan Mahmud;
\$B) Tekesh;
\$C) Timur-lane;
,
\$D) Sultan Sanjar;
\$E) Sultan Masud;
@217.Determine who is the author of the book "Siyosatnoma"?
•
\$A) Nizam-ul-mulk;
\$B) Balami;
\$C) Utbi;
\$D) Ahmadi Donish;
\$E) Jayhoni;
@210 M/ho is the cuthou of the goodwanhie ground: "He dud at class"?
@218.Who is the author of the geographic work - "Hudud-ul-olam"?
\$A) Unknown author;
\$B) Nizomiddin Shomi;
\$C) Sharofiddin Ali Yazdi;
\$D) Bobur Mirzo;
\$E) Utbi;
0040 TATE 4 1 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A
@219.What years did Abuabdullo Rudaki live and work?
\$A) 858-941;
\$B) 820-910;
\$C) 864-926;
\$D) 850-938;
\$E) 980-1050;
©000 TATE 1'1 A1 1'1 C' (A ' )1' 1 12
@220.When did Abuali ibn Sino (Avicenna) live and work?
\$A) 980-1037;
\$B) 989-1016;
\$C) 860-920;

- \$D) 858-941;
- \$E) 1020-1077;